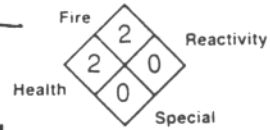




#02-044 **WD-40**

5A282



NFPA

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

=2SF45=

I. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer: WD-40 Company	Telephone:
Address: 1061 Cudahy Place (92110) P.O. Box 80607 San Diego, California 92138-9021	Emergency Only: 1 (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC) (619) 275-1400
	Information: Organic Mixture
	Chemical Name: WD-40 Aerosol
	Trade Name:

II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS Number	%	Exposure Limit ACGIH/OSHA
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	8052-41-3	50	100 ppm (PEL)
A-70 Hydrocarbon Propellant	68476-85-7	25	1000 ppm (PEL)
Petroleum Base Oil	64742-65-0	> 15	5 mg/M ³ (TWA)
Non-hazardous Ingredients		< 10	

III. PHYSICAL DATA

Boiling Point:	NA	Evaporation Rate:	Not determined
Vapor Density (air = 1):	Greater than 1	Vapor Pressure:	55±5 PSI @ 70°F
Solubility in Water:	Insoluble	Appearance:	Light amber
Specific Gravity (H ₂ O = 1):	.710 @ 70°F	Odor:	Characteristic odor
Percent Volatile (volume):	80%		

IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION

Flash Point:	NA to aerosol cans
Flammable Limits:	(propellant portion) [LeI] 1.8% [UeI] 9.5%
Extinguishing Media:	CO ₂ , Dry Chemical, Foam
Special Fire Fighting Procedures:	None
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	Considered "extremely flammable" under Consumer Product Safety Commission regulations.

V. HEALTH HAZARD / ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY

Threshold Limit Value	
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates (Stoddard solvent) lowest TLV (ACGIH 100 ppm.)	
Symptoms of Overexposure	
Inhalation (Breathing):	May cause anesthesia, headache, dizziness, nausea and upper respiratory irritation.
Skin Contact:	May cause drying of skin and or irritation.
Eye Contact:	May cause irritation, tearing and redness.
Ingestion (Swallowed):	May cause irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
First Aid Emergency Procedures	
Ingestion (Swallowed):	Do not induce vomiting, seek medical attention.
Eye Contact:	Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
Skin Contact:	Wash with soap and water.
Inhalation (Breathing):	Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
DANGER!	
Aspiration Hazard:	If swallowed can enter lungs and may cause chemical pneumonitis. Do not induce vomiting. Call Physician immediately.
Suspected Cancer Agent	
Yes _____ No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	The components in this mixture have been found to be noncarcinogenic by NTP, IARC and OSHA.

VI. REACTIVITY DATA

Stability:	Stable <u> X </u>	Unstable <u> </u>
Conditions to avoid:	NA	
Incompatibility:	Strong oxidizing materials	
Hazardous decomposition products:	Thermal decomposition may yield carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide.	
Hazardous polymerization:	May occur <u> </u>	Will not occur <u> X </u>

VII. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

Spill Response Procedures

Spill unlikely from aerosol cans. Leaking cans should be placed in plastic bag or open pail until pressure has dissipated.

Waste Disposal Method

Empty aerosol cans should not be punctured or incinerated; bury in land fill. Liquid should be incinerated or buried in land fill. Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

VIII. SPECIAL HANDLING INFORMATION

Ventilation:	Sufficient to keep solvent vapor less than TLV.
Respiratory Protection:	Advised when concentrations exceed TLV.
Protective Gloves:	Advised to prevent possible skin irritation.
Eye Protection:	Approved eye protection to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation or injury.
Other Protective Equipment:	None required.

IX. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

Keep from sources of ignition, do not take internally. Avoid excessive inhalation of spray particles. Do not puncture, incinerate or store container above 120°F. Keep from children.

X. TRANSPORTATION DATA

Domestic Surface

Description:	Consumer Commodity
Hazard Class:	ORM-D
ID No.:	NONE
Label Required:	Consumer Commodity (ORM-D)

Domestic Air

Description:	Consumer Commodity (Flammable Gas-Aerosol products)
Hazard Class:	ORM-D
ID No.:	NONE
Label Required:	Consumer Commodity (ORM-D-AIR)

SIGNATURE: R. Miles

TITLE: Technical Director

REVISION DATE: March 1990

SUPERSEDES: January 1989

NA = Not applicable

NDA = No data available

< = Less than

> = More than

V FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

<u>FLASH POINT (Method used)</u>	<u>FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR</u>	<u>LEL</u>	<u>UEL</u>
Aerosol Container -50°F T.C.C.		1.8	9.5

EXTINGUISHING AGENTS

Carbon Dioxide, dry chemical, foam.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Treat as cylinders of compressed gas.
Firefighters should use a selfcontained positive pressure breathing apparatus.

VI TOXICITY AND FIRST AID

EXPOSURE LIMITS:

See Section II for exposure limits of each individual component.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

May increase myocardial irritability. Avoid Epinephrine or similar drugs if at all possible.

ACUTE TOXICITY:

INHALATION: High vapor concentrations may result in dizziness, headaches, or unconsciousness.

INGESTION: Not likely.

EYE CONTACT: May cause irritation. Possible corneal injury.

SKIN CONTACT: Prolonged contact will cause defatting of the skin leading to irritation and dermatitis.

SKIN ABSORPTION: Not likely to be absorbed in toxic amounts.

FIRST AID

CALL A PHYSICIAN

EYES: Flush with water for 15 minutes or until irritation subsides.

SKIN: Remove all contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water.

INHALATION: Remove from exposure immediately. If breathing is stopped or irregular, begin artificial respiration and administer oxygen.

INGESTION: Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink plenty of water.

CHRONIC TOXICITY

CARCINOGENICITY: None

TERATOGENICITY: Not established

MUTAGENICITY: Not established

TARGET ORGAN AFFECTED: Prolonged exposure above the OSHA permissible exposure limits may result in kidney and liver damage.

VII PERSONAL PROTECTION AND CONTROLS

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection program should be in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134.

VENTILATION

Local exhaust is adequate.

SKIN PROTECTION

Gloves: Polyethylene or Neoprene.

EYE PROTECTION

Safety glasses are recommended.

HYGIENE

Wash skin with soap and water.

OTHER CONTROL MEASURES

Protective clothing and equipment: See 29 CFR 1910.133 & 132.

VIII STORAGE AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

AEROSOL CONTAINER: Do NOT store in direct sunlight, near open flames, or at temperatures exceeding 120°F. Do NOT smoke while spraying. Use only as directed. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating vapors and inhaling contents can be harmful or fatal.

IX SPILL LEAK AND DISPOSAL PRACTICES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Ventilate area. Remove all sources of ignition. Clean up with inert materials and dispose of in accordance with all Local, State and Federal regulations.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

AEROSOL CONTAINER: Do NOT puncture or incinerate. Empty containers may be disposed of through normal channels. Full or partially filled containers are considered HAZARDOUS WASTE.

X TRANSPORTATION

DOT HAZARD CLASSIFICATION

ORM-D

PLACARD REQUIRED

None

LABEL REQUIRED

ORM-D

NAME(print) Patrick Pasierb

SIGNATURE *Patrick Pasierb*

TITLE Chemist

DATE OF LAST REVISION July 27, 1990

SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372:

CAS #	Chemical Name	Percent by Weight
71-55-6	1,1,1, Trichloroethane	25.0

This information must be included in all MSDSs that are copied and distributed for this material.

A HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT IS ONE WHICH MEETS ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

1. It is listed in the annual registry of toxic effects of chemical substances, or is known to be toxic within the parameters of that registry, and is present at a level of 1% or greater of the composition, except that chemicals identified as carcinogens under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (d) (4) shall be listed if the concentrations are 0.1% or greater.
2. It has an OSHA established Permissible Exposure Limits or Ceiling Concentration (C) or an American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienist's (ACGIH) TLV or, C, and by the nature of the product or its known use, is likely to become airborne.
3. It contributes to one or more of the following hazards to the product: A - Flashpoint below 200° F. (CC), or subject to spontaneous heating or decomposition; B - Causes skin burns (DOT); C - Strong oxidizing agent (DOT); D - Subject to hazardous polymerization.

Each hazardous ingredient should be listed by chemical, generic or proprietary name, its level in the product should be expressed as 1% or less, 1-10%, 11-30%, 31-50%, 51-70%, or greater than 70%, or by other means if such information is proprietary. Recommended ACGIH or registry of toxic effects of chemical substances TLV or C values are only listed with appropriate notation, where OSHA values are not available.

CHRONIC TOXICITY

CARCINOGENICITY: None

TERATOGENICITY: Not established

MUTAGENICITY: Not established

TARGET ORGAN AFFECTED: Prolonged exposure above the OSHA permissible exposure limits may result in kidney and liver damage.

VII PERSONAL PROTECTION AND CONTROLS

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection program should be in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134.

VENTILATION

Local exhaust is adequate.

SKIN PROTECTION

Gloves: Polyethylene or Neoprene.

EYE PROTECTION

Safety glasses are recommended.

HYGIENE

Wash skin with soap and water.

OTHER CONTROL MEASURES

Protective clothing and equipment: See 29 CFR 1910.133 & 132.