



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

MSDS Number: 1300E

Section 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name: OATEY ABS MEDIUM SPECIAL MILKY CLEAR or BLACK CEMENT

Product Nos.: Special Milky - 30922, 30923, 30924, 30929 Black - 30889, 30892, 30902,

30915, 30999, 32204, 32205, 32206, 32207

Product Use: Cement for ABS Plastic Pipe Formula: ABS Resin in Solvent Solution

Synonyms: ABS Plastic Pipe Cement

Firm Name & Oatey Company 4700 West 160th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44135

Address: www.oatey.com Firm Phone No: (216) 267-7100

Emergency Phone For Emergency First Aid call 1-877-740-5015. For chemical transportation

Nos.: emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-

703-527-3887.

Prepared by: Technical Department

Preparation Date: 11/01/2009

Section 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Black or White

liquid with sharp, penetrating odor. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire. May cause eye and skin irritation. Inhalation of vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects. Swallowing may cause irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and kidney or liver disorders. Aspiration hazard. May be fatal if swallowed. Symptoms may be delayed.

Section 3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS:	%wt/wt :	CAS NUMBER:	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL TWA	OTHER:
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	40 - 60%	78-93-3	200 ppm	200 ppm	None
			300 ppm		
Acetone	10 - 20%	67-64-1	500 ppm	1000 ppm	None
			750 ppm STEL		
ABS Resin	30 - 40%	9003-56-9	None	None	None
(Non-hazardous)			Established	Established	

OSHA Hazard Classification: Flammable, irritant, organ effects

Section 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and

water. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Remove dried cement with

Oatey Plumber's Hand Cleaner or baby oil.

Eyes: If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes

with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get

medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes

difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing

has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to

a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice

cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES Section 5

Flashpoint /

14 - 23 Degrees F. (-10 to -5 Degrees C) / CCCFP

Method:

Media: Special Fire

Fighting Procedure:

Hazards:

Flammability: LEL = 1.8 % Volume, UEL = 11.8 % Volume

Extinguishing Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an extinguishing agent.

> Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or

Unusual Fire Extremely flammable liquid. Keep away from heat and all sources of ignition And Explosion including sparks, flames, lighted cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back.

Hazardous Products:

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, Decomposition carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

Section 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Procedures:

Spill or Leak Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Personnel cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators if vapor concentrations are high. Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other noncombusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers. Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways. Report releases to authorities as required. See Section 13 for disposal information.

Section 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Storage:

Keep containers closed when not in use.

Other: "Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Follow all MSDS

precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut or weld on or near empty

or full containers.

Section 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation:

Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining emissions at the point of use below recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be explosion-proof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot surfaces.

Respiratory Protection: For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Skin Protection: Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long exposures chemical resistant gloves may be required such as 4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm)

to avoid prolonged skin contact.

Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles. Eye

Protection:

Section 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: 151 Degrees F / 66 Degrees C

Melting Point: Not applicable

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Vapor Pressure: 145 mmHq @ 20 Degrees C

Vapor Density: (Air = 1) 2.5

Volatile Components: 60-70% Solubility In Water: Negligible Not applicable

0.89 +/- 0.02 @ 20 Degrees C Specific Gravity:

(BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0Evaporation Rate:

Appearance: Yellow

Odor: Sharp, penetrating odor Will Dissolve In: Methyl Ethyl Ketone

Material Is: Liquid

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY Section 10

Stability: Stable

Conditions To Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.

Avoid:

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon Hazardous

monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride. Decomposition

Products:

Ingestion:

Incompatibility/ Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and Materials To

hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber. Avoid:

Hazardous Will not occur.

Polymerization:

Section 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation: Vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and respiratory irritation,

> coughing, headache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and vomiting. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

Skin: May cause irritation with redness, itching and pain. Methyl ethyl ketone may

be absorbed through the skin causing effects similar to those listed under

inhalation.

Eye: Vapors may cause irritation. Direct contact may cause irritation with

redness, stinging and tearing of the eyes. May cause eye damage. Swallowing may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and

lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

Chronic Prolonged or repeated overexposure cause dermatitis and damage to the

kidney, liver, lungs and central nervous system. Toxicity: Toxicity Data: Acetone: Oral rat LD50: 5,800 mg/kg

Inhalation rat LC50: 50,100 mg/m3/8 hours

Oral rat LD50: 2,737 mg/kg Methyl Ethyl Ketone:

Inhalation rat LC50: 23,500 mg/m3/8 hours

Skin rabbit LD50: 6,480 mg/kg

None of the components are known to cause sensitization. Sensitization:

Carcinogenicity: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by

NTP, IARC or OSHA.

Mutagenicity: Acetone, methyl ethyl ketone are generally thought not to be mutagenic. Reproductive Methyl ethyl ketone has been shown to cause embryofetal toxicity and birth

> defects in laboratory animals. Acetone has been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other toxic effects to

the mother.

Persons with pre-existing skin, lung, kidney or liver disorders may be at Medical

Conditions increased risk from exposure to this product.

Aggravated By

Exposure:

Toxicity:

Section 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Acetone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L.

This product emits VOC's (volatile organic compounds) in its use. Make sure VOC that use of this product complies with local VOC emission regulations, where Information:

they exist.

Maximum 325 g/L per SCAQMD Test Method 316A. VOC Level:

Section 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with current local, state and federal

regulations.

RCRA Hazardous Waste U002, U159

Number:

EPA Hazardous Waste D001, D035, F003, F0005

ID Number:

EPA Hazard Waste Ignitable Waste. Toxic Waste (Methyl Ethyl Ketone content)

Number:

Section 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Greater than 1 Liter (0.3 Less than 1 Liter (0.3

gal) gal) UN/NA Number: UN1133 None Proper Shipping Name: Consumer Commodity Adhesives ORM-D 3

Hazard Class: Packing Group: None PGII

Hazard Labels: None Flammable Liquid

IMDG

UN Number: UN1133 UN1133 Proper Shipping Name: Adhesives Adhesives

Hazard Class: 3 3 Packing Group: ΙI ΤT

Label: None (Limited Quantities Class 3 (Flammable Liquid)

are expected from

labeling)

Flashpoint (deg C) -10 to -5 Degrees C -10 to -5 Degrees C

2008 North American Emercency Response Guidebook Number:

Section 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard Category for Acute Health, Chronic Health, Flammable Section 311/312:

Section 302 This product does not contain chemicals regulated under SARA Section 302.

Extremely Hazardous Substances (TPO):

Section 313 Toxic This product does not contain chemicals subject to SARA Title III Section

Chemicals: 313 Reporting requirements.

CERCLA 103 Spills of this product over the RQ (reportable quantity) must be reported Reportable to the National Response Center. The RQ for the product, based on the RQ

for Methyl Ethyl Ketone (60% maximum) of 5,000 lbs, is 8,333 lbs. Quantity:

Many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report

spills required under federal, state and local regulations.

This product does not contain any chemicals subject to California California

Proposition 65: Proposition 65 regulations.

TSCA Inventory All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

Class B, Division 2; Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B; Class D, Canadian WHIMS

Division 2, Subdivision A. This product has been classified in accordance Classification: with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and

the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

Section 16 OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA and HMIS:

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None

HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: G

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, up-to-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, we cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly does not make warranties, nor assumes any liability for its use.

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